## **CLAIMS**

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## What is claimed is:

- 1. A microfluidic structure, comprising:
- (a) a first body which has a first planar surface that contains at least one recessed area to define at least one microfluidic channel, wherein the first planar surface has a surface roughness of less than 0.5 µm; and
- (b) a second body which has a second planar surface which is a sensing surface, wherein said first surface and said second surface are in contact;
  - (c) whereby at least one microfluidic sensor channel is formed.
- 2. The structure of claim 1, wherein either the first body or the second body contains at least one pair of inlet/outlet holes to allow for a sample to enter and exit said at least one microfluidic channel and contact said sensing surface.
- 3. The structure of claim 1, wherein the contact of said first surface and said second surface of (c) of claim 1 is reversible.
- 4. The structure of claim 3, wherein the first body dimensions hold to a tolerance of  $\pm 1~\mu m$  for repeated sealing where the applied load is 200 to 5000 psi.
- 5. The structure of claim 1, wherein the material of the first body at the first surface has a hardness of at least D50 as measured by the Shore D method.
- 6. The structure of claim 1, wherein the first body is made of carbon-filled PEEK at the first surface.
- 7. The structure of claim 1, wherein the first body material adsorbs less than
- 0.1% water when immersed for 24 hours at 25 degrees Celsius.

8. The structure of claim 1, wherein the first body material adsorbs at least 80% of light at incident angles from 50° to 80° when the light has a wavelength from 400 nm to 1100 nm.

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- 9. The structure of claim 1, wherein the first body material in contact with a liquid phase leaches residues or particulates to a concentration less than 2pg/mm<sup>2</sup>/min.
- 10. The structure of claim 1, wherein there are three microfluidic channels with each channel roughly 300 µm wide, 5 mm long, and 30 µm high.
- 11. The structure of claim 1, wherein there are a plurality of microfluidic channels.
- 12. A process for fabrication of a flow channel block, comprising:
- (a) machining or stamping (using a die) at least one recess for a microfluidic flow channel into the surface of a body with hardness (Shore Durometer type D) of at least D50;.
- (b) polishing the recessed surface from step (a) to a surface roughness of less than 0.5μm root mean square and a flatness of less than 1 μm root mean square.
- 13. A microfluidic sensor component, comprising:
- (a) a body with a first planar surface that contains at least one recessed area to define at least one microfluidic channel, wherein the body at said first planar surface has a hardness of at least D50 as measured by Shore Durometer type D;
- (b) whereby said first surface in contact with a second planar surface which is a sensing surface forms at least one microfluidic sensor channel.
- 14. The component of claim 13, wherein said first planar surface has a surface roughness of less than 0.5 µm rms.

15. The component of claim 13, wherein the body contains at least one pair of inlet/outlet holes to said at least one recessed area whereby a sample may enter and exit said at least one microfluidic channel and contact said sensing surface.